

**VIGIL MECHANISM
POLICY
OF
YATAYAT CORPORATION INDIA
LIMITED**

**{Pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and
Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015}**

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1. PREFACE:

YATAYAT CORPORATION INDIA LIMITED believes in conducting business with fair and transparent manner by adopting highest standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity, and ethical behavior. The Company's expectations with respect to business ethics are contained in the Code of Conduct and Ethics (the "Code of Conduct").

The Vigil mechanism is implemented not only as a safeguard to unethical practices but also to resolve them at the earliest. This mechanism is intended to provide mechanism for reporting genuine concerns or grievance and ensure that deviations from the Company's Business Conduct Manual and Values are dealt with in a fair and unbiased manner as provided in Section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 7 of the Companies Rules, 2014. The mechanism is also intended to cover the Whistleblower Mechanism aspect of the SEBI's (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

2. DEFINATION:

The Board of Directors of the Company (Board) constituted the committee to be known as the Nomination and Remuneration Committee consisting of three non-executive directors out of which two shall be the Independent Directors. The Chairman of the Committee shall be an Independent Director.

Definitions of some of the key terms used in this mechanism are given below:

- a. Whistleblower: An employee or director who makes a protected disclosure under this mechanism.
- b. Audit Committee: An audit committee is an operating committee formed by the Board of Directors in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations and charged with oversight of financial reporting and disclosure.
- c. Directors: Directors means every Director of the Company, past or present.
- d. Employee: Employee means every employee of the Company including the directors in the employment of the Company.
- e. Investigators: Investigators mean those persons authorized, appointed, consulted, or approached by the Chairman of the Audit Committee.
- f. Protected Disclosure: This means any communication made in good faith that discloses or demonstrates information that may evidence unethical or improper activity.
- g. Subject: This means a person against or in relation to whom a Protected Disclosure has been made or evidence gathered during the course of an investigation.

3. SCOPE:

This Vigil Mechanism and Whistle-blower Policy (the “Policy”) sets out the procedure to be followed when making a disclosure. The Whistle Blower’s role is that of a reporting party with reliable information. They are not required or expected to act as investigator(s) or finder(s) of acts, nor would they determine the appropriate corrective or remedial action that may be warranted in a given case.

Whistle Blowers should not act on their own in conducting any investigative activities, nor do they have a right to participate in any investigative activities other than as requested by the Audit Committee or the Investigator(s).

Protected Disclosure will be appropriately dealt with by the Audit Committee.

4. ELIGIBILITY:

This Policy applies to all Employees, regardless of their location. Violations will result in appropriate disciplinary action. The Protected Disclosures will be in relation to matters concerning the Company. Please familiarize yourself with this Policy, and seek advice from the Company if any questions arise.

5. DISQUALIFICATIONS:

While it will be ensured that genuine Whistle Blowers are given complete protection from any kind of unfair treatment as herein set out, any abuse of this protection will attract disciplinary action.

Protection under this Policy would not mean protection from disciplinary action arising out of false or bogus allegations made by a Whistle Blower knowing it to be false or bogus or with a malafide intention.

Whistle Blowers, who make three or more Protected Disclosures, which have been subsequently found to be mala fide, frivolous, baseless, malicious, or reported otherwise than in good faith, will be disqualified from reporting further Protected Disclosures under this Policy. In respect of such whistle Blowers, the Company/Audit Committee would reserve its right to take/recommend appropriate disciplinary action.

6. GUIDING PRINCIPLES OF THE VIGIL MECHANISM:

To ensure effective implementation of vigil mechanism, the company shall:

- a. Ensure protection of the whistle blower against victimization for the disclosures made by him/her.
- b. Ensure complete confidentiality of the whistle blower identity and the information provided by him/her.
- c. Ensure that the protected disclosure is acted upon within specified time frames and no evidence is concealed or destroyed.
- d. Ensure that the investigation is conducted honestly, neutrally and in an unbiased manner.
- e. Ensure whistle blower would not get involved in conducting any investigative activities other than as instructed or requested by Chairman of the Audit Committee.
- f. Ensure the subject or other involved persons in relation with the protected disclosure be given an opportunity to be heard.
- g. Ensure disciplinary actions are taken against anyone who conceals or destroys evidences related to protected disclosures made under this mechanism.

7. REPORTING MECHANISM:

The Company has authorised the Chairman of Audit Committee to supervise the process and investigate Protected Disclosures. Protected Disclosures are to be made to this committee as follows:

- a. By letter addressed to the Committee, marked “Private and Confidential”, and delivered to:

The Chairman of the Audit Committee,
Mr. Heman Parikh

(Registered office address).

To enable the proper investigation of any Reportable Matter, a Protected Disclosure should include as much information as possible concerning the Reportable Matter. To the extent possible, the following information should be provided:

- b. The date of occurrence and nature of the Reportable Matter;
- c. The names of the Employees to whom the Reportable Matter relates;
- d. The relevant factual background concerning the Reportable Matter; and
- e. The basis for the Protected Disclosure.

To enable further investigation of Reportable Matters, Whistleblowers are strongly encouraged to provide their name and contact details whenever they make a Protected Disclosure under this Policy. If a Whistleblower does not provide his or her name and contact details when making a Protected Disclosure, the Company’s ability to investigate the subject matter of the Protected Disclosure may be limited by its inability to contact the Whistleblower to obtain further information.

All Protected Disclosures are taken seriously and will be promptly investigated by the Company in accordance with the Guidance on Responding to Protected Disclosures.

8. INVESTIGATION:

- a. All Protected Disclosures reported under this Policy will be thoroughly investigated by the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company who will investigate / oversee the investigations under the authorization of the Audit Committee. If any member of the Audit Committee has a conflict of interest in any given case, then he/she should rescue himself/herself and the other members of the Audit Committee should deal with the matter on hand. In case where a company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee, then the Board of directors shall nominate a director to play the role of Audit Committee for the purpose of vigil mechanism to whom other directors and employees may report their concerns.
- b. Chairman of the Audit Committee may at its discretion, consider involving any Investigators for the purpose of investigation.
- c. The decision to conduct an investigation taken by the Chairman of the Audit Committee is by itself not an accusation and is to be treated as a neutral fact-finding process. The outcome of the investigation may not support the conclusion of the Whistleblower that an improper or unethical act was committed.
- d. Subjects will normally be informed of the allegations at the outset of a formal investigation and have opportunities for providing their inputs during the investigation.
- e. Subjects shall have a duty to co-operate with the Chairman of the Audit Committee or any of the Investigators during investigation to the extent that such co-operation will not compromise self-incrimination protections available under the applicable laws.
- f. Subjects have a right to consult with a person or persons of their choice, Investigators and/or members of the Audit Committee and/or the Whistleblower. Subjects shall be free at any time to engage counsel at their own cost to represent them in the investigation proceedings.
- g. Subjects have a responsibility not to interfere with the investigation. Evidence shall not be withheld, destroyed or tampered with, and witnesses shall not be influenced, coached, threatened or intimidated by the Subjects.
- h. Unless there are compelling reasons not to do so, Subjects will be given the opportunity to respond to material findings contained in an investigation report. No allegation of wrong doing against a Subject shall be considered as maintainable unless there is good evidence in support of the allegation.

- i. Subjects have a right to be informed of the outcome of the investigation. If allegations are not sustained, the Subject should be consulted as to whether public disclosure of the investigation results would be in the best interest of the Subject and the Company.
- j. The investigation shall be completed within reasonable period of time of the receipt of the Protected Disclosure.

9. PROTECTION OF WHISTLE BLOWERS

- a. A whistleblower would be given the option to keep his/her identity anonymous while reporting an incident on Ethics Helpline.
- b. Any other employee serving as a witness or assisting in the said investigation would also be protected to the same extent as the whistleblower.
- c. The Audit Committee would safeguard the whistleblower from any adverse action. This includes discrimination, victimization, retaliation, demotion, or adoption of any unfair employment practices.
- d. Protection under this mechanism would not mean protection from disciplinary action arising out of false allegations made by a whistleblower.
- e. A whistleblower may not be granted protection under this mechanism if he/she is the subject of a separate complaint or allegations related to any misconduct.

10. INVESTIGATORS

Investigators are required to conduct a process towards fact-finding and analysis. Investigators shall derive their authority and access rights from the Audit Committee when acting within the course and scope of their investigation.

11. DECISION:

- a. Chairman of Audit Committee will take disciplinary or corrective action against the subject as per the Company's disciplinary procedures and can also take legal action if required.
- b. The decision of the committee should be considered as final and no challenge against the decision would be entertained unless additional information becomes available.
- c. In case of frivolous or false complaints, action may be taken against the complainant.

12. REPORTING:

Chairman of Audit Committee shall submit a report to the Audit Committee on a regular basis about all Protected Disclosures referred to him/her since the last report together with the results of investigations, if any.

13. RETENTION OF DOCUMENTS:

All Protected Disclosures in writing or documented along with the results of investigation relating thereto shall be retained by the Company.

14. RIGHT TO AMENDMENT:

The Company holds the right to amend or modify the policy. Any amendment or modification of the policy would be done by an appropriate authority as mandated in law. The updated Vigil mechanism would be shared with the employees, suppliers, and vendors thereafter.

**Adopted by Board of Directors in its meeting held on 5th September 2025.
Effective from 5th September 2025.**